STATE OF MAINE

IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD

TWO THOUSAND TWENTY-ONE

H.P. 1269 - L.D. 1708

An Act To Create the Pine Tree Power Company, a Nonprofit Utility, To Deliver Lower Rates, Reliability and Local Control for Maine Energy Independence

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine as follows:

Sec. 1. 21-A MRSA §12004-G, sub-§36 is enacted to read:

Public Utilities Pine Tree Power Company Board $110/Day and 35-A MRSA Expenses $4002

Sec. 2. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§5, ¶G, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

G. For a candidate for State Representative, at least 50 and not more than 80 voters; and

Sec. 3. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§5, ¶H, as enacted by PL 1985, c. 161, §6, is amended to read:

H. For a candidate for county charter commission member, at least 50 and not more than 80 voters; and

Sec. 4. 21-A MRSA §354, sub-§5, ¶I is enacted to read:

I. For a candidate for member of the Pine Tree Power Company Board under Title 35-A, section 4002, subsection 2, paragraph A, at least 300 and not more than 400 voters.

Sec. 5. 21-A MRSA §1011, first ¶, as amended by PL 2013, c. 334, §2, is further amended to read:

This subchapter applies to candidates for all state and county offices and to campaigns for their nomination and election. Candidates for municipal office as described in Title 30-A, section 2502, subsection 1 and candidates for the Pine Tree Power Company Board as described in Title 35-A, section 4002 are also governed by this subchapter. The
commission does not have jurisdiction over financial activities to influence the nomination or election of candidates for federal office.

Sec. 6. 35-A MRSA §1511-A is enacted to read:

§1511-A. Fitness to serve

No earlier than January 1, 2024, the commission shall find a transmission and distribution utility with 50,000 or more customers unfit to serve and shall require the sale of the utility if the commission determines that the utility has, within the previous 5 years been found to have met 2 or more of the following criteria for unfitness:

1. Customer satisfaction. Repeatedly been rated in the lowest decile of utilities of a similar size for customer satisfaction on a reputable national survey of utility business or retail customers;

2. Reliability. Repeatedly reported reliability, with or without major event days, in the lowest decile of utilities of a similar size in the country; and

3. Cost. Repeatedly charged its customers residential delivery rates in the highest decile among utilities of a similar size in the country.

Sec. 7. 35-A MRSA §§3501, sub-§1, ¶D, as amended by PL 2019, c. 311, §2, is further amended to read:

D. The portion of any municipal or quasi-municipal entity located in the State providing transmission and distribution services; and

Sec. 8. 35-A MRSA §§3501, sub-§1, ¶E, as amended by PL 2019, c. 311, §2, is further amended to read:

E. Any transmission and distribution utility wholly owned by a municipality located in the State; and

Sec. 9. 35-A MRSA §§3501, sub-§1, ¶F is enacted to read:

F. The Pine Tree Power Company established in chapter 40.

Sec. 10. 35-A MRSA §§3502, first ¶, as amended by PL 1999, c. 398, Pt. A, §86 and affected by §§104 and 105, is further amended to read:

Notwithstanding section 310, any consumer-owned transmission and distribution utility, except for the Pine Tree Power Company established in chapter 40, that proposes to increase rates, tolls or charges by not more than 15% of the utility’s annual operating revenues or proposes to decrease rates, tolls or charges in any amount may elect to set rates pursuant to this section and section 3503.

Sec. 11. 35-A MRSA c. 40 is enacted to read:

CHAPTER 40

PINE TREE POWER COMPANY

§4001. Definitions
As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise indicates, the following terms have the following meanings.

1. **Acquired utility.** "Acquired utility" means an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility whose facilities or property are purchased or intended for purchase pursuant to this chapter.

2. **Board.** "Board" means the Pine Tree Power Company Board established in Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 36.

3. **Company.** "Company" means the Pine Tree Power Company established in section 4002.

4. **Cost of service.** "Cost of service" means the total amount that must be collected by the company to recover its costs but does not include any return on capital investment unless a return is required as security for debt service.

5. **Customer-owner.** "Customer-owner" means a person to whom the company provides electricity.

6. **Generating source.** "Generating source" means a machine or device that produces electric energy by any means.

7. **Utility facility.** "Utility facility" means any portion of a plant used or useful in providing transmission and distribution utility service and includes, but is not limited to, transmission lines, office buildings, equipment and transportation equipment.

8. **Utility property.** "Utility property" means any tangible or intangible asset, liability, obligation, plan, proposal, share, agreement or interest of a utility; any facility in development or planning by the utility as of January 1, 2020; and, without limitation, the entire utility and any part or portion of the utility.

§4002. **Pine Tree Power Company established: purpose**

The Pine Tree Power Company is established to provide for its customer-owners in this State reliable, affordable electric transmission and distribution services in accordance with this chapter.

1. **Company purposes.** The company shall use its access to low-cost capital and its ability to manage the electric transmission and distribution system in a manner that is not focused on ensuring shareholder profits for the following purposes:

   A. To deliver electricity to the company’s customer-owners in a safe, affordable and reliable manner;

   B. To ensure excellence, timeliness and accuracy in billing, metering and customer service;

   C. To provide an open, supportive and competitive platform to develop and deploy renewable generation, storage, efficiency and beneficial electrification technologies;

   D. To assist the State in rapidly meeting or exceeding the climate action plan goals established in Title 38, chapter 3-A;

   E. To improve the State’s Internet connectivity through more affordable access to utility poles and other infrastructure in unserved or underserved areas of the State, as defined in section 9202, subsection 5;
F. To advance economic, environmental and social justice and to benefit company workers and all communities in the State;

G. To provide for transparent and accountable governance; and

H. To support, secure and sustain economic growth and benefits for the State.

2. Governance: board. The company is created as a body corporate and politic and is governed by the Pine Tree Power Company Board in accordance with this section.

The board is composed of 11 members, 7 of whom are elected, voting members and 4 of whom are expert advisory members selected by the voting members. All members must be residents of the State.

A. As of the last date for filing a nomination petition under Title 21-A, section 354, each of the 7 elected, voting members must be a legal citizen of the United States for at least 5 years, must be at least 21 years of age, must be a legal Maine resident for at least one year, must be a resident of the area the member represents as provided in this paragraph for at least 3 months and may not hold a state elected office. Each elected, voting member represents 5 of the State's 35 State Senate districts, as set out in Title 21-A, section 1203-B, as follows:

(1) One member represents State Senate districts 1 to 5;
(2) One member represents State Senate districts 6 to 10;
(3) One member represents State Senate districts 11 to 15;
(4) One member represents State Senate districts 16 to 20;
(5) One member represents State Senate districts 21 to 25;
(6) One member represents State Senate districts 26 to 30; and
(7) One member represents State Senate districts 31 to 35.

If during an elected, voting member's term the member's place of residence as a result of reapportionment is no longer included in the area the member was elected to represent, the member may continue to serve the remainder of the term.

B. The 4 expert advisory members must be selected by the elected, voting members. The expert advisory members must collectively possess expertise and experience across the following 4 areas:

(1) Utility law, management, regulation or finance;
(2) Clean energy and the environment;
(3) The concerns of utility employees; and
(4) The concerns of electricity consumers.

C. Candidates for election to the board pursuant to paragraph A are eligible for funding through the Maine Clean Election Act, in amounts and under terms commensurate with those for candidates for the State Senate. The Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices, established pursuant to Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 33, shall adopt rules to implement this paragraph. Rules must include, at a minimum, the procedures for qualifying and certification and for allocation of distributions from the fund and other provisions necessary to ensure consistency with the provisions of the
Maine Clean Election Act. Rules adopted pursuant to this paragraph are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

D. Candidates for election to the board pursuant to paragraph A are subject to the requirements of Title 21-A, chapter 13.

E. The nomination of candidates for elected, voting members of the board is governed by Title 21-A, chapter 5, subchapter 2, and the determination of the election is governed by Title 21-A, section 723-A. The Secretary of State may adopt rules governing the election of members of the board and shall consult with the commission in developing the rules. Rules adopted under this paragraph are routine technical rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

3. Term of office. An elected, voting member of the board serves for a term of 6 years and an expert advisory member of the board serves for a term of 5 years. An elected, voting member serves from January 1st to December 31st and an expert advisory member serves from March 1st to the end of February. A majority of elected, voting members shall declare a vacancy on the board upon the resignation, death or incapacitation of an elected, voting member, in the event that a member is absent without leave of the chair for at least half of all board meetings held in a 180-day period or in the event of a member's gross and continual neglect of duty. If there is a vacancy on the board of an expert advisory member, it must be filled within 180 days in the same manner as described in subsection 2, paragraph B, and the person selected to fill a vacancy serves for the unexpired term of the member whose vacancy the person is filling. If there is a vacancy on the board of an elected, voting member, the board shall notify the Secretary of State, who shall establish a deadline of no sooner than 60 days after being notified of the vacancy to accept nomination petitions for a special election. A special election must be held within 180 days of notification of the vacancy and declared in the manner prescribed by Title 21-A, section 366. The person elected to fill a vacancy serves for the unexpired term of the member whose vacancy the person is filling. Expert advisory members may be reselected and voting members may be reelected.

4. Quorum and chair. Four elected, voting members of the board constitute a majority and a quorum. The board shall elect from its elected, voting members a chair and a vice-chair. The vice-chair shall serve as acting chair in the absence of the chair.

5. Voting. Except as otherwise provided in this Title, all decisions of the board must be made by a majority vote of the elected, voting members of the board. Whenever possible, the board shall attempt to achieve consensus among voting and nonvoting members.

6. Bylaws; due diligence. The board shall adopt bylaws, conduct due diligence as it considers necessary and develop a transition plan and a business plan for the company prior to making a purchase price offer for any utility facility or utility property.

7. Board review. Four years after the first meeting of the board, the board shall review the effectiveness of the company governance structure and shall report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy and utilities matters the outcome of this review. The report may suggest necessary changes to the governance structure of the company. The committee may report out legislation pertaining to the recommendations in the report.
§4003. Powers and duties: acquisition of utility facilities and utility property

1. Powers: generally. The company is a consumer-owned transmission and distribution utility and has all the powers and duties of a transmission and distribution utility under this Title, as affected by the provisions of chapter 35, within the service territories of the investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities whose utility facilities it acquires under this chapter.

2. Limits on company: generating property. The company may not own or operate a generating source or purchase electric capacity or energy from a generating source, except as the commission may approve in order to allow the company to maintain or improve system reliability.

3. Operations. The company shall contract by means of a competitive public solicitation the services of a qualified nongovernmental entity, referred to in this chapter as "the operator," or "the operations team," to provide cost-effective, private sector operations, maintenance, customer accounts management and customer service and information and to assist as necessary in regulatory affairs, capital planning and administrative services. The company may contract with separate operators for each of the service territories of the acquired utilities. In requesting and evaluating bids for the provision of these services, the board shall consider anticipated costs; professional, operational and managerial experience; familiarity with the systems to be administered; and ability to improve customer service and employee morale. The company may establish additional criteria for its solicitation and shall determine the period and the specific terms of each operations contract. The commission shall review and approve, reject or approve with conditions any contract between the company and an operator before it takes effect.

4. Operator employees. The employees of the operations team retained to operate the company's facilities are considered private employees, with all the rights and responsibilities of private employees. The operator shall hire any person who was an employee of the acquired utility at the time the company acquired the utility facilities who is a qualified, nonexempt employee subject to collective bargaining agreements of the acquired utility. To ensure continuity and an experienced local workforce, the operations team shall offer to these employees a retention bonus of 6% of annual gross pay for the first year of work and 4% of annual gross pay for the 2nd year of work. This bonus must be payable on the earlier of the anniversary of the date of hire and the date of a termination of employment that occurs following the date of hire, as long as the termination is due to the employee's death or disability, by the employer without cause or by the employee for good reason. The operations team shall maximize opportunities for internal promotion, additional staffing and on-the-job training for all employees and may not contract with other businesses to perform work that could reasonably have been performed by qualified, nonexempt employees of the operations team. The operator shall assume all retirement benefit obligations to the workers of and retirees of an acquired utility, unless these obligations have remained with the acquired utility, its corporate parent or a pension plan trust regulated by the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The operator shall honor and maintain the terms of any collective bargaining agreements in effect at the time the company acquired the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility for the remaining term of any collective bargaining agreement, except that, when 2 or more contracts exist, the employees' wages, salaries and benefits must be made
reasonably equal to the higher of those provided in the contracts or must exceed those previously paid by the acquired utility.

Upon the conclusion of a contract pursuant to subsection 3, the company, in soliciting for a new contract, shall give preference to service providers who agree to maintain or improve the terms of the collective bargaining agreement in existence on the conclusion of the prior contract.

5. Acquisition of utility facilities and utility property. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, rules adopted under this Title or any other applicable law to the contrary, the company shall purchase or acquire by the exercise of the right of eminent domain all utility facilities in the State owned or operated or held for future use by any investor-owned transmission and distribution utility, in accordance with this subsection, and may also purchase or acquire by the exercise of the right of eminent domain in accordance with this subsection any other investor-owned transmission and distribution utility property should the board determine such an acquisition to be in the interest of its customer-owners. The company shall finance the purchase or acquisition of utility facilities or utility property under this subsection by issuing debt in accordance with chapter 9. The board may not purchase or acquire by the right of eminent domain any utility facilities or utility property under this subsection until 12 months after the effective date of this chapter or 6 months after the first meeting of the board, whichever is later.

A. Within 18 months after the effective date of this chapter or 12 months after the first meeting of the board, whichever is later, unless further delayed to a date certain by a vote of at least 5 elected, voting members of the board, the company shall:

1. Identify the utility facilities and any other utility property in the State owned or operated or held for future use by any investor-owned transmission and distribution utility to be purchased by the company;

2. Determine a purchase price offer to be made for the utility facilities and other utility property. The purchase price offer must include compensation for the cost of preparing and submitting necessary regulatory filings, including but not limited to those required by the federal Department of Energy, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and

3. Deliver notice of the purchase price offer, including detailed description of the utility facilities and other utility property to be purchased, to the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility that owns, operates or holds for future use the subject utility facilities and utility property.

By a vote of at least 5 elected, voting members of the board, the company may delay the purchase of the utility facilities and any other utility property of one of the 2 investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities in the State and proceed with the purchase of the utility facilities and any other utility property of the other investor-owned transmission and distribution utility in the State.

B. After the receipt of a notice of the purchase price offer under paragraph A, subparagraph (3), the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility may, within 30 days of the date of receipt, submit a counteroffer to the company. If the company rejects the counteroffer, within 30 days of the date of receipt of the rejection the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility may petition the Superior Court of
Kennebec County to determine and order an alternative purchase price for the subject utility facilities or utility property in accordance with this paragraph. The purchase price determined by the court must include compensation for the cost of preparing and submitting necessary regulatory filings, including but not limited to those required by the federal Department of Energy, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. After the filing of a petition by an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility under this paragraph, the Superior Court, as expeditiously as possible, shall:

(1) Select, in consultation with the company and the petitioner, a referee or referees with relevant expertise and capabilities to determine a recommended purchase price for the utility facilities and utility property;

(2) Complete a trial or hearing, as appropriate, for the presentation of evidence to referees, who shall submit a recommended purchase price to the court; and

(3) Render a decision and, based upon the recommended purchase price submitted under subparagraph (2) and any other information available to the court, order a purchase price to be paid by the company to the petitioner for possession and ownership of the subject utility facilities and utility property.

The decision of the Superior Court under this paragraph is appealable to the Law Court as in any civil action.

C. The taking of utility facilities and utility property by the company is governed by this paragraph.

(1) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, if a petition is filed under paragraph B, the company may, after any appeals are resolved, take the subject utility facilities and utility property identified in paragraph A by eminent domain at the final purchase price rendered by the court, in the same manner and under the same conditions as set forth in chapter 65.

(2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, if a petition is not filed under paragraph B, the company may take the subject utility facilities and utility property identified in paragraph A by eminent domain at the purchase price offer, in the same manner and under the same conditions as set forth in chapter 65.

Within 45 days of the date upon which the purchase price is either mutually agreed upon by the company and the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility or is finally determined through the judicial process set forth under paragraph B, the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility shall prepare and submit any regulatory filings necessary to the transfer of subject utility facilities and utility property, including but not limited to those required by the Federal Department of Energy, Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. If the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility does not prepare and submit such filings within 45 days, the company may request that the commission investigate the utility's failure to prepare and submit the filings. Upon such a request from the company, the commission shall, in a timely manner, investigate the utility's failure to prepare and submit the filings. If the commission finds the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility unreasonably delayed or failed to prepare and submit the filings, or failed to prosecute and pursue federal regulatory approvals of the transfer in good faith, the commission shall direct the utility to do so by a date certain and may order other remedies.
including deducting the cost of preparing and submitting such regulatory filings from the purchase price or otherwise preventing the utility from recouping the cost.

If at any time during the process prescribed in this subsection the company and either of the investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities reach an agreement on the purchase price of all utility facilities and utility property in the State owned or operated or held for future use by that investor-owned transmission and distribution utility, the sale may be finalized in accordance with that agreement.

The commission shall impose such conditions on the acquisition of all utility facilities and utility property in the State owned or operated or held for future use by any investor-owned transmission and distribution utility as it determines are necessary to protect the public interest during the period between the effective date of this chapter and the date on which ownership and control are fully assumed by the company and the operations team. The commission shall take all necessary actions to ensure that the investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities and their owners cooperate fully and cost-effectively with the company during the transition in ownership and control.

6. Existing obligations. All existing agreements, obligations and contracts, including but not limited to long-term contract obligations and net energy billing agreements of an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility, must be transferred to the company and any counterparty to an agreement, obligation or contract shall accept the assignment of the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility to the company.

7. Regional transmission. The service territories of the company initially remain in the transmission system to which they belonged on the effective date of this chapter until changed by majority vote of the board.

8. Names. The company may adopt one or more alternative or regional names to distinguish its service territories or for any other purpose.

9. Rules. The company may adopt rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A for establishing and administering the company and carrying out its duties. Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection are major substantive rules as defined in Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 2-A.

10. Bylaws. The company shall adopt bylaws, through the board, consistent with this section for the governance of its affairs.

11. Consumer-owned transmission and distribution utilities; application. This subsection controls the treatment of consumer-owned transmission and distribution utilities and the application of law to the company.

A. This chapter may not be construed to affect the powers, authorities or responsibilities of any consumer-owned transmission and distribution utility other than the company created under this chapter. The company may not oppose the extension of the service territory of a consumer-owned transmission and distribution utility existing prior to the effective date of this chapter to include the entirety of a municipality in which the consumer-owned transmission and distribution utility provides electric service as long as the company is reasonably compensated for the assets and appurtenances required.

B. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter or any other provision of law to the contrary, the company is subject to section 310; section 3104; section 3132.
subsection 2-D; sections 3132-A, 3132-B, 3132-C and 3132-D; section 3144; section 3210-C, subsections 3, 7 and 11; sections 3212 and 3212-B; and section 3214, subsection 2-A.

12. **Board staff; transition.** The board may hire a director or manager, support staff and counsel. Assistance and counsel may be provided to the board by the Office of the Treasurer of State, the Office of the Attorney General, the Maine Municipal Bond Bank, the Finance Authority of Maine, the commission, the Office of the Public Advocate and any other state entity. All initial activities and expenditures of the board prior to the final acquisition of utility facilities and utility property must be funded by short-term debt of the company, to be retired in the initial financing and acquisition of the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility facilities and utility property. Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, debt incurred by the board for its initial activities and expenditures must be considered by the commission to be a just and reasonable expense incurred on behalf of the customers of the investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities and must be fully recoverable through the transmission and distribution rates charged to those customers.

§4004. Cost-of-service rates; no use of state funds or tax dollars

The rates and all other charges of the company must be sufficient to pay in full the cost of service, including the cost of debt and any payments in lieu of taxation. Debt or liability of the company is not a general obligation or moral obligation of the State or any agency or instrumentality of the State other than the company, and neither the State nor any agency or instrumentality of the State other than the company guarantees any debt or liability of the company.

§4005. Property and income tax status

1. **Property tax.** Notwithstanding Title 36, chapter 105, subchapter 4, the company is subject to property taxation pursuant to the laws of the State of Maine and must pay property tax in the same manner as an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility. Rates charged by the company must include sufficient amounts to pay property taxes due under this subsection.

2. **Income tax.** Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, income of the company is exempt from all taxation or assessment by the State or any political subdivision of the State. All bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness issued by the company in accordance with chapter 9 are legal obligations of the company, and the company is a quasi-municipal corporation within the meaning and for the purposes of Title 30-A, section 5701. All bonds, notes and other evidences of indebtedness issued by the company are legal investments for savings banks in this State and are exempt from state income tax.

3. **Tax increment financing agreements.** If an investor-owned transmission and distribution utility acquired by the company is subject to a tax increment financing agreement under Title 30-A, chapter 206, the company acquires the same rights and responsibilities as applied to the investor-owned transmission and distribution utility under the agreement.

§4006. No debt or liability of the State
The company serves a public purpose in the carrying out of the provisions of this chapter, but debt or liability of the company is not a general obligation or moral obligation of the State.

§4007. Termination of the company

The company may not be dissolved or cease operations except by authorization of law and only if all debt and liabilities of the company have been paid or a sufficient amount for the payment of all debt and liabilities has been placed in an irrevocable trust for the benefit of the holders of the debt and only if any remaining equity of the company is returned in an equitable manner to the ratepayers of the company.

§4008. Freedom of access; confidentiality

The proceedings and records of the company are subject to the freedom of access laws, Title 1, chapter 13, except as specifically provided in this section.

1. Confidential records. The following records are designated as confidential for purposes of Title 1, section 402, subsection 3, paragraph A:

A. A record obtained or developed by the company that a person, including the company, to whom the record belongs or pertains has requested be designated confidential and that the company has determined contains information that gives the owner or a user an opportunity to obtain a business or competitive advantage over another person who does not have access to the information, except through the company's records, or access to which by others would result in a business or competitive disadvantage, loss of business or other significant detriment to any person to whom the record belongs or pertains; and

B. A record that contains usage or other nonpublic information regarding a customer of a transmission and distribution utility in the State.

The company shall provide to a legislative committee, on written request signed by the chairs of that committee, any information or records, including information designated confidential under this subsection, specified in the written request. The information or records may be used only for the lawful purposes of the committee and in any action arising out of any investigation conducted by the committee, subject to protective order.

2. Exceptions. Notwithstanding subsection 1, the following are not confidential and are public records:

A. Any otherwise confidential information the confidentiality of which the company determines to have been satisfactorily and effectively waived;

B. Any otherwise confidential information that has already lawfully been made available to the public; and

C. Impersonal, statistical or general information.

3. Disclosure prohibited; further exceptions. A board member, employee, agent, other representative of the company or other person may not knowingly divulge or disclose records designated confidential by this section, except that the company, in its discretion and in conformity with legislative freedom of access criteria in Title 1, chapter 13, subchapter 1-A, may make or authorize any of the following disclosures of information:
A. If necessary in connection with processing any application for, obtaining or maintaining financial assistance for any person;

B. To a financing institution or credit reporting service;

C. Information necessary to comply with any federal or state law, regulation or rule or with any agreement pertaining to financial assistance;

D. If necessary to ensure collection of any obligation in which the company has or may have an interest;

E. In any litigation or proceeding in which the company has appeared, introduction for the record of any information obtained from records designated confidential by this section; and

F. Pursuant to a subpoena, request for production of documents, warrant or other order, as long as the order appears to have first been served on the person to whom the confidential information sought pertains or belongs and as long as the order appears on its face or otherwise to have been issued or made lawfully.

§4009. Annual report

By April 15th of each year, beginning no more than one year after the first meeting of the board, the company shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy and utilities matters summarizing the activities and performance of the company in meeting its obligations to its customer-owners and its responsibilities under sections 4002 and 4003 during the preceding calendar year and its plans for the current year and subsequent 5 years. Each annual report must describe in detail how the company's decisions, operations and use of low-cost financing have supported and will support the State's progress toward the climate action plan goals established under Title 38, chapter 3-A and how such financing has affected and will affect job creation and gross state product.

§4010. Initial 5-year plan

Within 18 months of the date in which the company and the operations team fully take ownership and control of all utility facilities in the State owned or operated or held for future use by any investor-owned transmission and distribution utility, the company shall submit to the commission for approval a 5-year plan to meet initial affordability, reliability, decarbonization and connectivity goals.

1. Plan minimum requirements. At a minimum, the 5-year plan under this section must also include a program to:

A. Establish lower rates for low-income residential customers;

B. Build across the State accessible, rapid charging infrastructure for electric vehicles;

C. Reduce make-ready and pole attachment costs for open-access fiber-optic cable in unserved and underserved areas of the State as defined in section 9202, subsection 5; and

D. Make rapid investments in the distribution network to upgrade reliability and to improve capacity for interconnections of new renewable generation and storage facilities.
Sec. 12. Review of laws and report. The Public Utilities Commission shall examine all laws that may be affected by this Act, including laws governing the Pine Tree Power Company as established under the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 4002, and laws relating to investor-owned transmission and distribution utilities that may be eliminated as a result of this Act. The commission shall determine any modifications to laws that may be necessary or appropriate as a result of this Act or to effectuate the purposes of this Act and shall submit proposed legislation to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy, utilities and technology matters no later than 6 months after the first meeting of the Pine Tree Power Company Board under Title 35-A, section 4002. The joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over energy, utilities and technology matters may report out a bill relating to the subject matter of this Act and to the commission's report.

Sec. 13. Staggered terms of initial members of Pine Tree Power Company Board. Notwithstanding the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 35-A, section 4002, subsection 3, the terms of the initial members of the Pine Tree Power Company Board must be staggered as provided in this section.

1. The initial selected expert advisory members of the board serve as follows, determined by lot by those members after their selection: 2 members serve 4-year terms and 2 members serve 2-year terms.

2. The initial elected, voting members of the board serve as follows, determined by lot by those members after their election: 3 members serve 6-year terms, 2 members serve 4-year terms and 2 members serve 2-year terms.

Sec. 14. Code of ethics; recommendations. On or before February 15, 2022, the Office of the Attorney General shall submit to the Joint Standing Committee on State and Local Government recommendations regarding the establishment of a code of ethics applicable to the members of the Pine Tree Power Company Board, as established in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 5, section 12004-G, subsection 36. After receiving the recommendations, the joint standing committee may report out a bill related to those recommendations to the Second Regular Session of the 130th Legislature.

Sec. 15. Statutory referendum procedure; submission at statewide election; form of question; effective date. This Act must be submitted to the legal voters of the State at a statewide election held in the month of November following passage of this Act. The municipal officers of this State shall notify the inhabitants of their respective cities, towns and plantations to meet, in the manner prescribed by law for holding a statewide election, to vote on the acceptance or rejection of this Act by voting, notwithstanding the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 21-A, section 906, subsection 6-A, on the following question:

"Do you favor the creation of the Pine Tree Power Company, a nonprofit, privately operated utility governed by a board elected by Maine voters, to replace Central Maine Power and Versant Power, without using tax dollars or state bonds, and to focus on delivering reliable, affordable electricity and meeting the State's energy independence and Internet connectivity goals?"
The legal voters of each city, town and plantation shall vote by ballot on this question and designate their choice by a cross or check mark placed within a corresponding square below the word "Yes" or "No." The ballots must be received, sorted, counted and declared in open ward, town and plantation meetings and returns made to the Secretary of State in the same manner as votes for members of the Legislature. The Governor shall review the returns. If a majority of the legal votes are cast in favor of this Act, the Governor shall proclaim the result without delay and this Act becomes effective 30 days after the date of the proclamation.

The Secretary of State shall prepare and furnish to each city, town and plantation all ballots, returns and copies of this Act necessary to carry out the purposes of this referendum.

**Sec. 16. Appropriations and allocations.** The following appropriations and allocations are made.

**ETHICS AND ELECTION PRACTICES, COMMISSION ON GOVERNMENTAL**

**Governmental Ethics and Election Practices - Commission on 0414**

Initiative: Provides funding for candidates for the Pine Tree Power Company Board to participate in the Maine Clean Elections program.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</th>
<th>2021-22</th>
<th>2022-23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Other</td>
<td>$431,700</td>
<td>$273,750</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2021-22</th>
<th>2022-23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>$431,700</td>
<td>$273,750</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ETHICS AND ELECTION PRACTICES, COMMISSION ON GOVERNMENTAL DEPARTMENT TOTALS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</th>
<th>2021-22</th>
<th>2022-23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$431,700</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DEPARTMENT TOTAL - ALL FUNDS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2021-22</th>
<th>2022-23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$431,700</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION**

**Public Utilities - Administrative Division 0184**

Initiative: Provides funding for 3 Staff Attorney positions, 6 Utility Analyst positions and associated All Other costs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</th>
<th>2021-22</th>
<th>2022-23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>POSITIONS - LEGISLATIVE COUNT</td>
<td>9.000</td>
<td>9.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Services</td>
<td>$418,242</td>
<td>$1,307,808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other</td>
<td>$303,191</td>
<td>$910,572</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS TOTAL**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2021-22</th>
<th>2022-23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$721,433</td>
<td></td>
<td>$2,218,380</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION DEPARTMENT TOTALS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2021-22</th>
<th>2022-23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$721,433</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td>2021-22</td>
<td>2022-23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</td>
<td>$721,433</td>
<td>$2,218,380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEPARTMENT TOTAL - ALL FUNDS</td>
<td>$721,433</td>
<td>$2,218,380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SECTION TOTALS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS</td>
<td>$1,153,133</td>
<td>$2,492,130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SECTION TOTAL - ALL FUNDS</td>
<td>$1,153,133</td>
<td>$2,492,130</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>